BODY ART FACILITY CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

RESIDENTIAL AREAS: Body art facilities must be separate from any residential areas used for sleeping, bathing, or meal preparation. A body art facility associated with a residential dwelling shall have a separate entrance and toilet facility, and shall not have a door allowing direct access between the body art facility and the residential dwelling.

FLOORS: The floor surfaces in all areas in where body art is performed must be of such construction and material as to be smooth, nonabsorbent, free of open holes and easily cleaned.

WALLS: The walls of all rooms must have a smooth, washable, nonabsorbent surface and be free of open holes.

Procedure areas must be separated, by a wall or ceiling-to-floor partition, from nail and hair activities.

Smooth plaster, drywall with sealed and taped joints, masonry walls with flush mortar joints, plastic laminated panels and fiberglass reinforced polyester panels (FRP) are acceptable wall materials. Plaster, drywall and masonry walls must be sealed with high gloss enamel, epoxy or other approved material.

CEILINGS: The ceilings of all rooms must have a smooth, washable, nonabsorbent surface.

LIGHTING: Procedure areas in a body art facility must be equipped with a light source that provides adequate light.

RESTROOMS: Body Art facility must have adequate toilet facilities, in accordance with the specifications of the State Building Standards Code, local building standard codes, and any other local ordinance.

Handwashing facilities that are permanently plumbed and meet local building and plumbing codes are required within or adjacent to toilet rooms and must be equipped with hot and cold water. Containerized liquid soap, and single-use paper towels that are dispensed from a wall-mounted, touchless dispenser must be provided at handwashing facilities.

PROCEDURE AREA: Lined waste containers must be provided in procedure area at each workstation.

Sharps waste disposal containers, labeled with the words “sharps waste” or with the international biohazard symbol and the word “BIOHAZARD,” must be provided in procedure area at each workstation.
A handwashing sink that is permanently plumbed and meets local building and plumbing codes is required within each procedure area and must be equipped with hot and cold running water. Portable or Temporary sinks are not acceptable.

Containerized liquid soap, and single-use paper towels that are dispensed from a wall-mounted, touchless dispenser must be provided at handwashing facilities.

DECONTAMINATION AND SANITATION AREAS: Decontamination and sanitation areas must be separated from procedure areas by a space of at least five feet or by a cleanable barrier.

A sink, that is permanently plumbed and meets local building and plumbing codes is required within each decontamination and sanitation area and must be equipped with hot and cold running water. Portable or Temporary sinks are not acceptable.

Containerized liquid soap, and single-use paper towels that are dispensed from a wall-mounted, touchless dispenser that is readily accessible to the practitioner must be provided in decontamination and sanitation area.

Lined waste containers must be provided in all decontamination and sanitation areas.

STERILIZATION EQUIPMENT AND EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION: Only equipment manufactured for the sterilization of medical Instruments shall be used.

Steam autoclaves are the only type of sterilization unit accepted for reusable instruments

Sterilization equipment must be tested using a commercial biological indicator monitoring system after the initial installation and proof of passing spore test required prior to use